Title: Isolation of PBMCs - Direct Overlay (EDTA)

Revised: 8/12/2013 - Version 1.0 Authors: R. Gupta, A. Puleo, & H. Maecker



# Isolation of PBMCs - Direct Overlay on Ficoll (EDTA)

# **Equipment:**

- Benchtop centrifuge (Allegra X-15R, Beckman Coulter)
- Tali Image Based Cytometer (Invitrogen)
- Pipette Gun (Drummond)
- p200 micropipette (Rainin)

# **Materials:**

- EDTA Lavender Top Tube (Fisher, #367874)
- 1.8mL Cryotube vials (Fisher, #375418)
- 50mL conical vial (Fisher, #352070)
- Sterile, filtered, p200 pipette tips (Rainin, #RT L250F)
- CoolCell (Fisher, #NC9883130) and CoolBox
- Tali Cellular Analysis Slide (Invitrogen, #110794)
- 2mL, 5mL, 10mL, 25mL, and 50mL sterile, serological pipettes (Fisher, #356507, #356543, #356551, #356525, #356550 respectively)
- Transfer pipette (Fisher, #357575)

# **Reagents:**

- Ficoll-Paque PLUS (Fisher, #17-1440-03)
- Ca+ and Mg+ Free PBS (Invitrogen, 10010-049)
- Human Serum Type AB (Lonza, #14-490E)
- DMSO (Sigma-Aldrich, #154938)
- Freezing media (refer to **Appendix A**)

## **Procedure:**

- 1. If plasma is needed prior to PBMC isolation, please refer to HIMC's Plasma Isolation SOP.
- 2. Pipette 15mL of Ficoll into a new 50mL conical tube.
- 3. Obtain whole blood from subject in EDTA green top tubes.
- 4. Dilute whole blood 1:1 with PBS in a new 50mL conical tube (NOTE: disregard this step if Plasma was already isolated from Step 1).
- 5. Add heparinized whole blood to the conical tube by slowly pipetting it down the side of the tube, layering on top of the Ficoll.
  - a. Add no more than 35mL of diluted blood to the tube
    - i. If necessary, split the sample into two conical tubes
- 6. Centrifuge the tubes at 800 x g for 20 minutes with the brake off.
- 7. Remove tubes carefully from centrifuge.
- 8. Use a transfer pipette and remove the buffy coat into a new 50mL conical vial. Take caution not to draw up the layers below the buffy coat.

# **Standard Operating Protocol - HIMC**

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- a. If a granulocyte pellet is needed, do not throw conical with ficolled blood away. Refer to HIMC's Granulocyte Isolation SOP.
- 9. Add PBS to the tube up to the 50mL mark
- 10. Centrifuge the PBMCs at 250 x g for 10 minutes.
- 11. Aspirate the supernatant and resuspend the cells in 48mL of PBS
- 12. Count the cells using the Tali Counter (or lab's preferred cell counting method)
  - a. Add 25µL of the cell suspension to a Tali slide
  - b. Choose the "Quick Count" selection and "Name Now"
  - c. Label the data with the sample ID
  - d. Insert slide into the Tali following the arrows on the slide
  - e. Press the button "Press to Insert New Sample"
  - f. Focus the image so that the cells can be seen clearly with definitive borders
  - g. Press "Press to Run Sample"
  - h. After counting, set the cell size to " $5\mu$ m to  $15\mu$ m" (this only has to be done the first sample of the day)
  - i. Calculate the total cell count by multiplying the number of cells/mL by the total volume of cell suspension
    - i.  $ex 3.45 \times 10^5 \text{ cells/mL} \times 48 \text{mL} = 165.6 \times 10^5 \text{ cells}$
- 13. Centrifuge the conical vial at 250 x g for 10 minutes.
  - a. Based off the total cell count, calculate the number of vials and volume of freezing media that will be needed (refer to Appendix B)
    - i. Label the appropriate number of empty cryovials with deidentified cryogenic label and place in a CoolBox to chill for at least 10 minutes (alternatively 4C/wet ice can be used)
    - ii. Pull enough Freezing Media A and Freezing Media B to create 1mL aliquots. The total mLs amount of freezing media needed is equal to the total number of aliquots needed.
- 14. Aspirate the supernatant
- 15. Resuspend the cells in Freezing Media A equal to one half of the total freezing media needed
- 16. Using a dropwise technique (1 drop/second) while swirling the sample, add Freezing Media B equal to the remaining half of the total volume.
- 17. Aliquot 1mL of cell suspension into each cryovial.
- 18. Place the cryovials into a CoolCell and into a -80° freezer for 24 hours (alternatively a Mr. Frosty or controlled rate freezer can be used)
- 19. Following this, immediately put the PBMCs cryovials into liquid nitrogen for long term storage

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# Appendix A - Creating Human Serum AB Freezing Media

### **Materials:**

- 50mL conical vial (Fisher, #352070)
- 0.2µm Filter Unit (Fisher, #SCGPU02RE)
- 15mL conical vial (Fisher, #1495949B)
- 2mL, 5mL, 10mL, 25mL, and 50mL sterile, serological pipettes (Fisher, #356507, #356543, #356551, #356525, #356550 respectively)

# **Equipment:**

- Pipette Gun (Drummond)
- Waterbath

# **Reagents:**

- Human Serum Type AB (Lonza, #14-490E)
- DMSO (Sigma-Aldrich, #154938)

### Procedure:

- 1. Thaw 1 bottle of Human Serum AB
- 2. Set the waterbath temperature to 56°C
- 3. Attach filter unit to the vacuum line in the biological safety cabinet, pour serum into filter unit and filter through until all the media is filtered.
  - a. If unit becomes clogged, a second filter unit may be necessary.
- 4. In 50mL conicals, make two 30mL aliquots of serum and two aliquots of 20mL
- 5. Place tubes in the  $56^{\circ}$  waterbath and heat inactivate them for 30 minutes, swirling the tubes every 5-10 minutes
- 6. While the tubes are in the water bath, prepare 15mL conical vials, labeling them "A" or "B"
- 7. Remove the serum from the waterbath and allow the conicals containing 20mL to cool
- 8. Freezing Media A 100% Human Serum AB
  - a. Aliquot the serum from the 30mL tubes into the 15mL conicals, 5mL per tube approximately 12 tubes total
- 9. **Freezing Media B –** 80% Human Serum AB + 20% DMSO
  - a. Add 5mL of DMSO to the cooled serum
    - i. Add it dropwise while swirling to prevent precipitation
    - ii. Capping and inverting several times will help prevent precipitates
  - b. Aliquot the serum into 15mL conicals, 5mL per tube approximately 10 tubes total
- 10. Place all aliquots into a  $-20^{\circ}$  freezer until use. Thaw for use in cryopreservation and do not refreeze.

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# **Appendix B - HIMC Aliquot Guidelines**

**PBMCs** 

PDIVICS								
Number of Vials to Freeze for total starting blood volume of:								
PBMC Count (x 10^6 cells)	up to 10ccs	up to 20ccs	up to 30ccs	up to 40ccs	up to 50ccs	up to 60ccs	up to 70ccs	70ccs +
up to 10	1	1	2*	2*	3*	4*	5*	6*
11 - 20	2	2	2	2	3*	4*	5*	6*
21 - 30	3	3	3	3	3	4*	5*	6*
31-40	3*	4	4	4	4	4	5*	6*
41-50	3*	4*	5	5	5	5	5	6*
51-60	3*	4*	5*	6	6	6	6	6
61-70	3*	4*	5*	6*	7	7	7	7
80+	3*	4*	5*	6*	7*	8	8	8

<sup>\*</sup>Re-count cells; if amount remains the same, aliquot samples per chart guidelines; provide as much observational detail on requisition form.

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum number of aliquots despite cell count is 8 vials